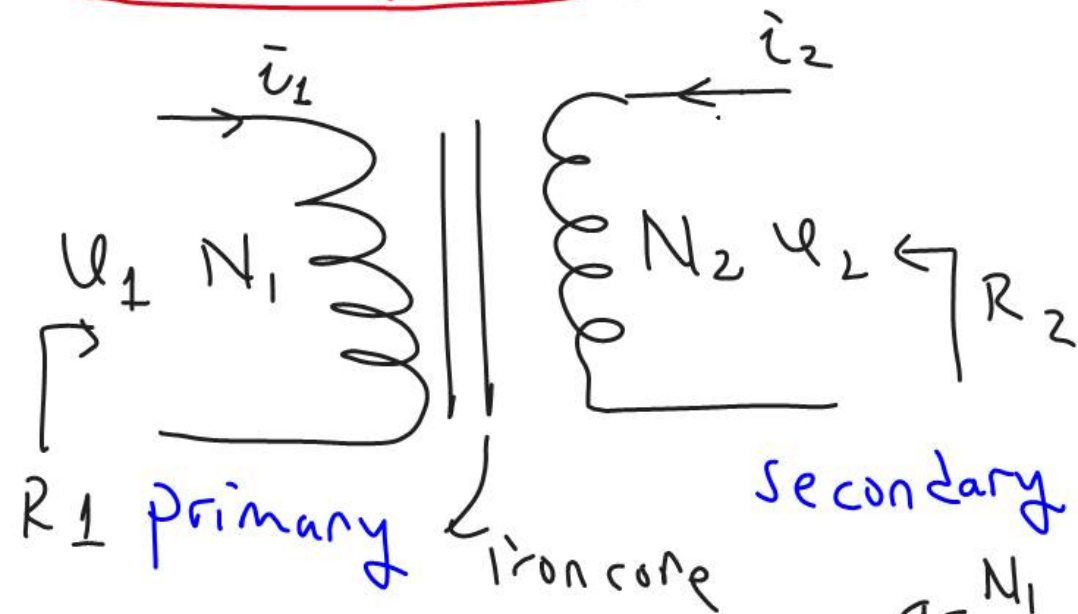


ECE 246
15.03.2014
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RECTIFIERS

A Transformer :



$$\frac{\phi_2}{\phi_1} = \frac{N_2}{N_1}$$

$$\frac{i_2}{i_1} = \frac{N_1}{N_2}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\phi_2}{\phi_1}}{\frac{i_2}{i_1}} = \frac{\frac{N_2}{N_1}}{\frac{N_1}{N_2}}$$

$a = \frac{N_1}{N_2}$ Turn Ratio

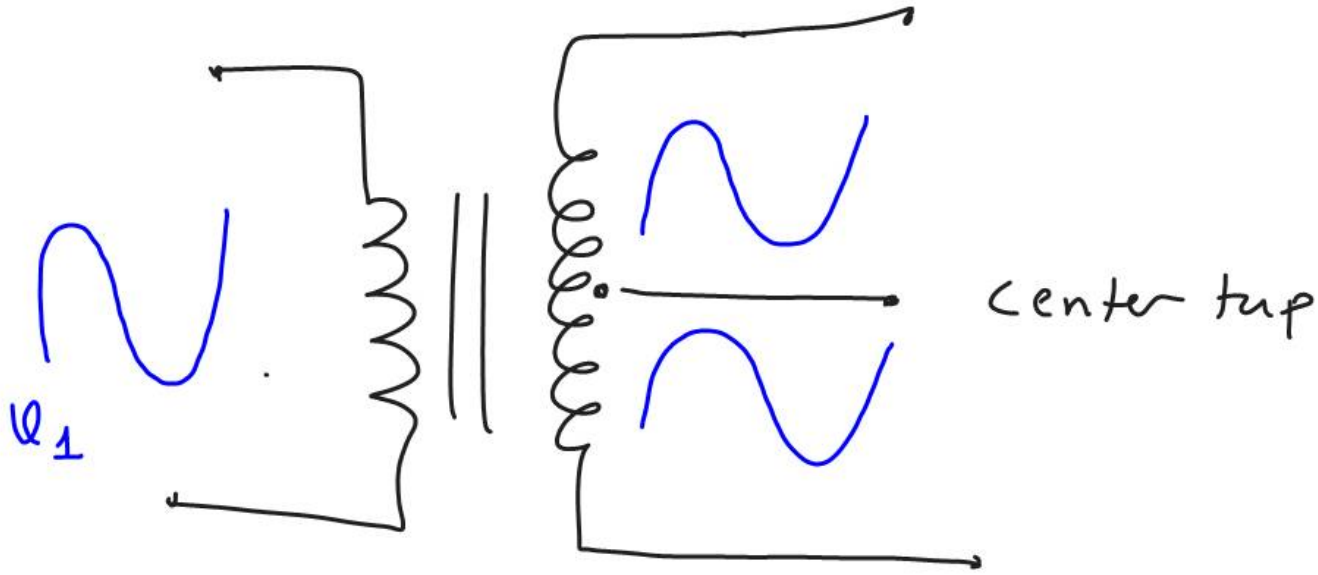
$$\frac{\phi_2}{\phi_1} \cdot \frac{i_1}{i_2} = \frac{N_2^2}{N_1^2}$$

$$\frac{\phi_2}{i_2} \cdot \frac{i_1}{\phi_1} = \left(\frac{N_2}{N_1}\right)^2$$

$$R_2 \cdot \frac{1}{R_1} = \left(\frac{N_2}{N_1}\right)^2$$

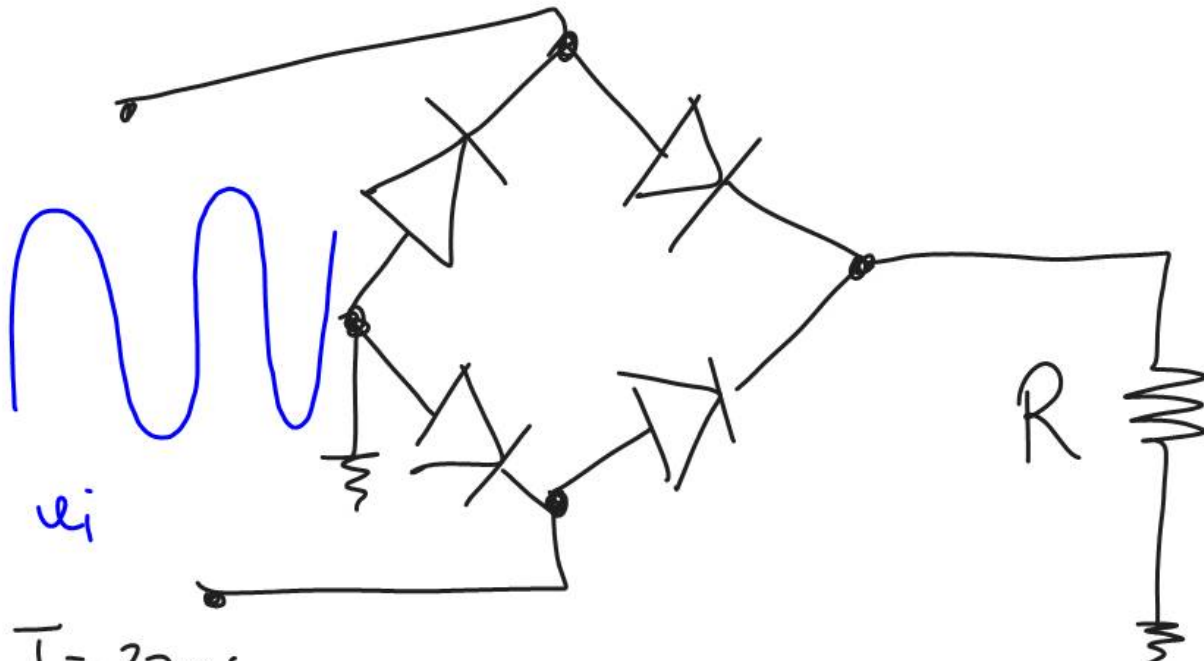
$$R_2 = \left(\frac{N_2}{N_1}\right)^2 R_1$$

CENTER-TAPPED TRANSFORMER:

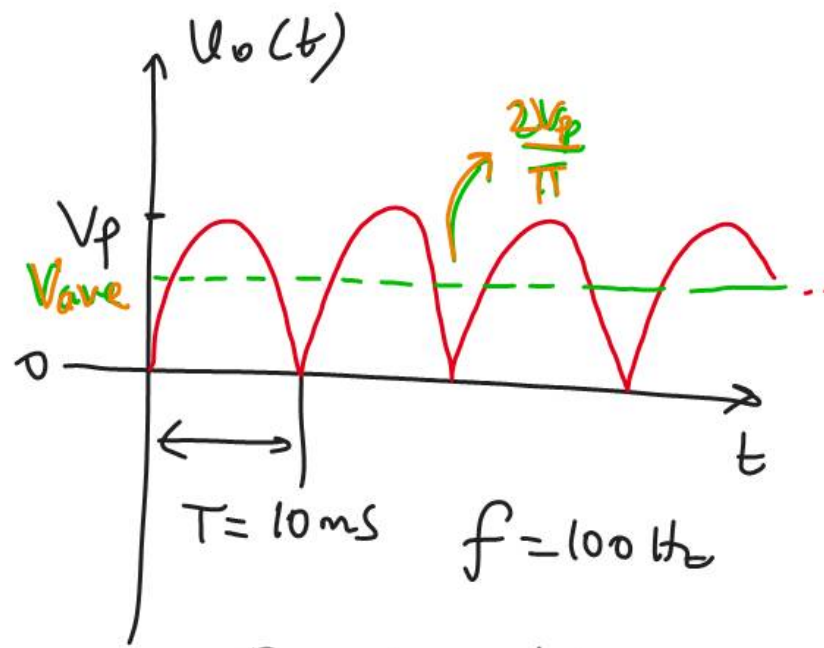


facilitate
sacrifice

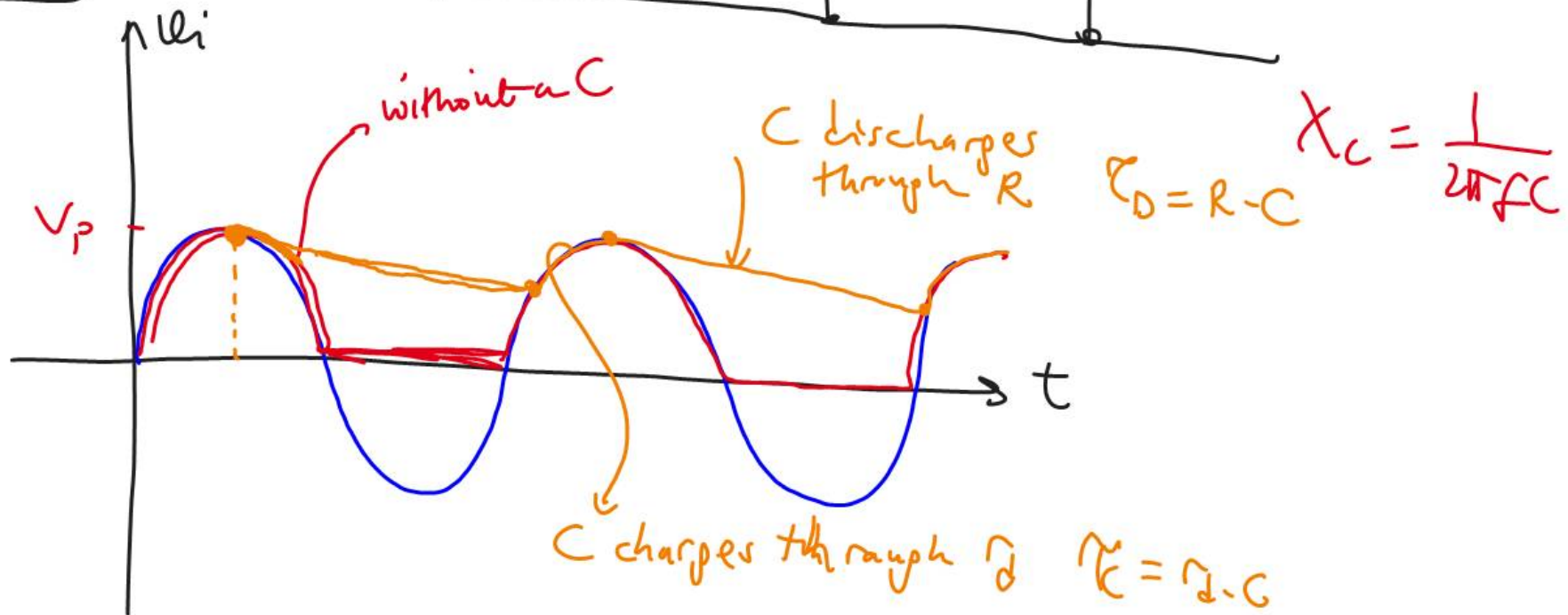
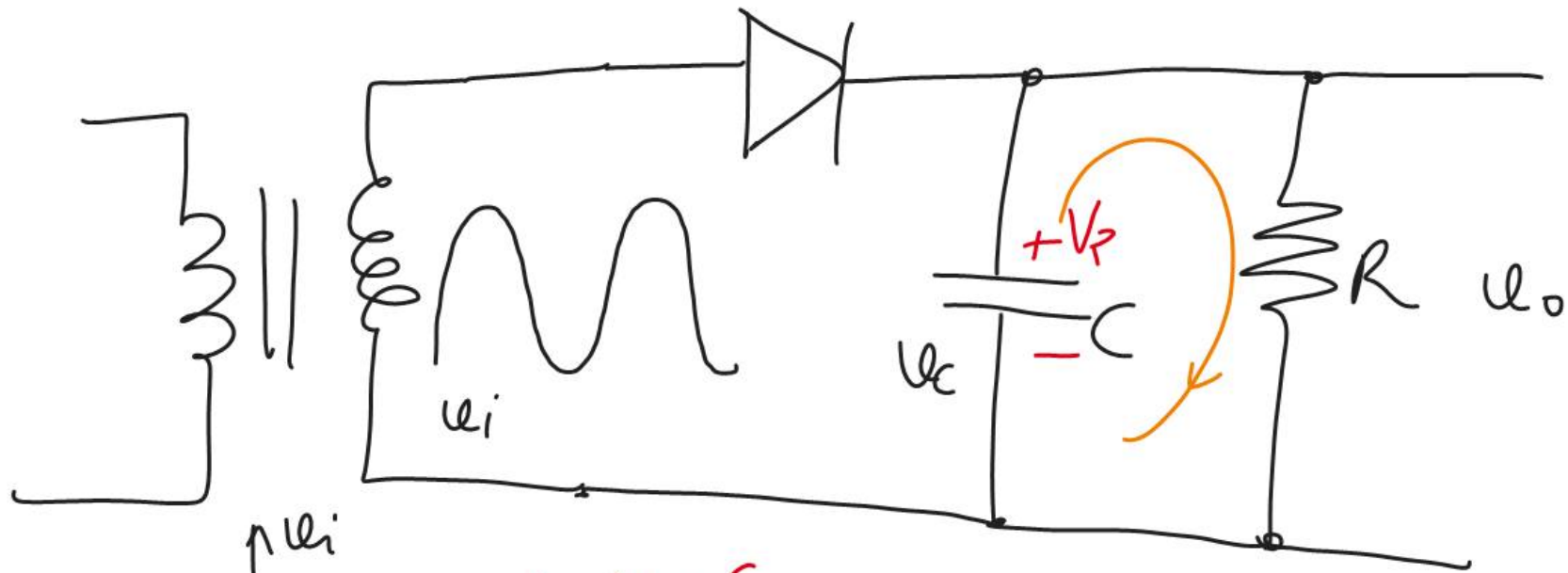
a compromise
a trade-off



$T = 20\text{ms}$
 $f = 50\text{kHz}$



Ripple $\sim V_p$
 We want to minimize Ripple
 How?



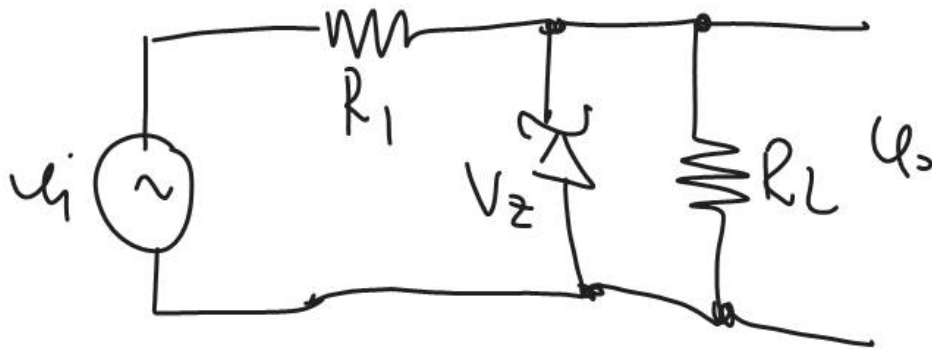
REGULATION

with Zener Diode

a) Line Regulation

b) Load Regulation

a) LINE REGULATION



Conditions:

$$\frac{u_i}{R_1 + R_L} \cdot R_L \geq V_z$$

$$\frac{u_{\text{min}}}{R_1 + R_L} \cdot R_L = V_z$$

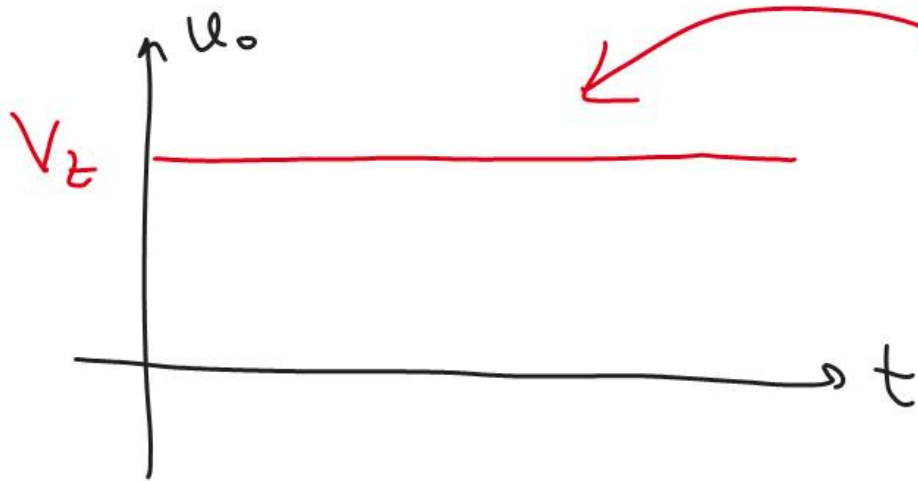
$$U_{\min} \cdot R_L = V_Z \cdot (R_1 + R_L)$$

$$V_Z = U_{\min} \cdot \frac{R_L}{R_1 + R_L}$$

\Rightarrow

$$U_{\min} = V_Z \cdot \frac{R_1 + R_L}{R_L} *$$

If this condition is satisfied
then $U_0 = V_Z$



to cease